## What Is Claimed Is:

5

6

7

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21 22

23 24

25

26

27

- An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) a polynucleotide fragment of SEQ ID NO:X or a polynucleotide fragment of the cDNA sequence included in ATCC Deposit No:Z, which is hybridizable to SEO ID NO:X:
- (b) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide fragment of SEQ ID NO:Y or a
  polypeptide fragment encoded by the cDNA sequence included in ATCC Deposit
  No:Z, which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X;
- (c) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide domain of SEQ ID NO:Y or a polypeptide domain encoded by the cDNA sequence included in ATCC Deposit No:Z, which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X;
- (d) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide epitope of SEQ ID NO:Y or a polypeptide epitope encoded by the cDNA sequence included in ATCC Deposit No:Z, which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X;
- (e) a polynucleotide encoding a polyneptide of SEQ ID NO:Y or the cDNA sequence included in ATCC Deposit No:Z, which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X, having biological activity;
  - (f) a polynucleotide which is a variant of SEQ ID NO:X;
  - (g) a polynucleotide which is an allelic variant of SEQ ID NO:X;
- (h) a polynucleotide which encodes a species homologue of the SEQ ID NO:Y:
- (i) a polynucleotide capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions to any one of the polynucleotides specified in (a)-(h), wherein said polynucleotide does not hybridize under stringent conditions to a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence of only A residues or of only T residues.

32

The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein the
polynucleotide fragment comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding a secreted
protein.

6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

3. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein the	
polynucleotide fragment comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding the sequence	ce
identified as SEQ ID NO:Y or the polypeptide encoded by the cDNA sequence	
included in ATCC Deposit No:Z, which is hybridizable to SEQ ID NO:X.	

- The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide fragment comprises the entire nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:X or the cDNA sequence included in ATCC Deposit No:Z, which is hybridizable to SEO ID NO:X.
- The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 2, wherein the nucleotide sequence comprises sequential nucleotide deletions from either the C-terminus or the N-terminus.
- The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 3, wherein the nucleotide sequence comprises sequential nucleotide deletions from either the C-terminus or the N-terminus.
- A recombinant vector comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of 7. claim 1.
- A method of making a recombinant host cell comprising the isolated 8. nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
  - A recombinant host cell produced by the method of claim 8. 9.
  - The recombinant host cell of claim 9 comprising vector sequences. 10.
- 30 11. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 31 95% identical to a sequence selected from the group consisting of:

1	(a) a j	polypeptide fragment of SEQ ID NO:Y or the encoded sequence		
2	included in ATCC Deposit No:Z;			
3	(b) a	polypeptide fragment of SEQ ID NO:Y or the encoded sequence		
4	included in A	TCC Deposit No:Z, having biological activity;		
5	(c) a 1	polypeptide domain of SEQ ID NO:Y or the encoded sequence included		
6	in ATCC Dep	posit No:Z;		
7	(d) a	polypeptide epitope of SEQ ID NO:Y or the encoded sequence included		
8	in ATCC Deposit No:Z;			
9	(e) a	secreted form of SEQ ID NO:Y or the encoded sequence included in		
10	ATCC Depos	it No:Z;		
11	(f) a i	full length protein of SEQ ID NO:Y or the encoded sequence included in		
12	ATCC Deposit No:Z;			
13	(g) a	variant of SEQ ID NO:Y;		
14	(h) ar	allelic variant of SEQ ID NO:Y; or		
15	(i) a s	species homologue of the SEQ ID NO:Y.		
16	12.	The isolated polypeptide of claim 11, wherein the secreted form or the		
17	full length pr	otein comprises sequential amino acid deletions from either the C-		
18	terminus or the N-terminus.			
19				
20	13.	An isolated antibody that binds specifically to the isolated polypeptide		
21	of claim 11.			
22				
23	14.	A recombinant host cell that expresses the isolated polypeptide of		
24	claim 11.			
25				
26	15.	A method of making an isolated polypeptide comprising:		
27	(a) cu	lturing the recombinant host cell of claim 14 under conditions such that		
28	said polypeptide is expressed; and			
29	(b) recovering said polypeptide.			
30				
31	16.	The polypeptide produced by claim 15.		
32				

polypeptide.

17. A method for preventing, treating, or ameliorating a medical condition,
comprising administering to a mammalian subject a therapeutically effective amount
of the polypeptide of claim 11 or the polynucleoude of claim 1.
18. A method of diagnosing a pathological condition or a susceptibility to
a pathological condition in a subject comprising:
(a) determining the presence or absence of a mutation in the polynucleotide of
claim 1; and
(b) diagnosing a pathological condition or a susceptibility to a pathological
condition based on the presence or absence of said mutation.
19. A method of diagnosing a pathological condition or a susceptibility to
a pathological condition in a subject comprising:
(a) determining the presence or amount of expression of the polypeptide of
claim 11 in a biological sample; and
(b) diagnosing a pathological condition or a susceptibility to a pathological
condition based on the presence or amount of expression of the polypeptide.
20. A method for identifying a binding partner to the polypeptide of claim
11 comprising:

(a) contacting the polypeptide of claim 11 with a binding partner; and

(b) determining whether the binding partner effects an activity of the

1	22. A method of identifying an activity in a biological assay, wherein the
2	nethod comprises:
3	(a) expressing SEQ ID NO:X in a cell;
4	(b) isolating the supernatant;
5	(c) detecting an activity in a biological assay; and
6	(d) identifying the protein in the supernatant having the activity.
7	
8	<ol> <li>The product produced by the method of claim 20.</li> </ol>